BERGER'S SALE

—FOR—

This Week Only

—AT—

E. Meyer & Co's

60 pcs Lace Bunting, 12 1-2c per yard; worth 25c.

38 pcs Seersuckers 5c per yd, Sold everywhere for 10c.

3 doz all-wool Black Jerseys, All sizes, at $1 25; worth $1 75.

Ladies' Full Finished Hose All shades; worth 35c; for This Week Only at 25c.

"Our Own" Corsets, Worth 75c—now 38c.

A Full Line of Lawns, All Colors, at 5c per yd.

E. MEYER & CO'S

Send for Samples and Catalogue.

E. Meyer & Co.

Cor. First and Yamhill Sts.

WALTER BROS.,

85 FIRST STREET,

Direct Importers and Dealers in

[illegible]

Our Retail Department includes the Largest and best assortment of all goods in the trade

—AND—

We offer Special Inducements to the Retail Trade

[illegible]

are now receiving daily [illegible] silks at their stores, 187 Front and 186 First sts. New Styles of Spring and Summer Goods consisting in part of Scotch Tweeds and Medium Weight Cassimeres, which we have made up into Men's Youths' and Boys' Clothing.

Mr. Gandon, our Cutter, is ready to take measures and guarantee a fit. He has been engaged in Portland for the past 11 years, and is too well known as a First-class Cutter to need any allusion as to his qualification. All of our goods are manufactured at our own mills. We claim they are equal to any imported, and much cheaper. Give Oregon goods the preference, and thus forward the interests of the Northwest. Mills at Brownsville.

Fine White Blankets (our own make) constantly in stock.

STORES—187 Front and 186 First St., bet. Yamhill and Taylor, Portland, Oregon.

FARMS FOR SALE.

$2000—80 ACRES [illegible]

$2100—[illegible]

$750 [illegible]

$1600—[illegible]

Money to Loan,

On Improved Country Property

In Oregon and Washington Ter and

CITY PROPERTY IN PORTLAND.

BALFOUR, GUTHRIE & CO.,

Corner First and A Sts.

HAAS & JONES,

PORTLAND STEAM CARPET CLEANING WORKS

AND RENOVATING ESTABLISHMENT.

Works S with [illegible]

[illegible]

BENETT'S BROWN COLLARS AND CUFFS ON WHITE SHIRTS ARE THE BEST.

THE PACIFIC BREWING CO.,

Nos. 1, 2, 5 and 7 North First St., Portland, Or.,

Importers and Wholesale Liquor Dealers.

—SOLE AGENTS—

[illegible] WHISKIES,

CHAMPAGNE, [illegible] CHAMPAGNE.

VAL BLATZ WIENER BEER

WHITE ROCK MINERAL WATER.

GRAND OPENING

[illegible] TAILOR.

The Grandest Display of Choicest Woolens ever shown in the city,

English, French, Scotch and German Fabrics in endless variety for Suits to measure

One Thousand Different Patterns to select from

SAMPLES WITH INSTRUCTIONS FOR SELF-MEASUREMENT SENT FREE

Fine All-Wool Suits to Order from : : $20.00

Fine All-Wool Pants to Order " : : 5.00

Only White Labor and First-Class Cutters Employed

[illegible] TAILOR,

126 First St, Portland, Or.

LITTLE'S

Sol[illegible] Preparation,

Deodorizer and Antiseptic,

Best Disinfectant,

Non-Poisonous,

Is Superior to All Others.

Cheap, Harmless, Convenient, Effective.

JAMES LAIDLAW & CO.,

16 North Front St., Portland, Or.

General Agents for Oregon, Washington, Idaho, Montana and Dakota.

WALTER BROS.,

85 FIRST STREET,

Direct Importers and Dealers in

[illegible]

[illegible] & J[illegible],

AGENTS.

[illegible] Front St., Portland, Or.

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible] ONE TEASPOONFUL to a Quart of Flour.

LION, EHRMAN & CO.,

General Agents, Portland, Or.

[illegible]

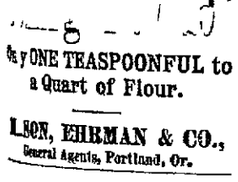
An Improved Country Property

In Oregon and Washington Ter and

CITY PROPERTY IN PORTLAND.

BALFOUR, GUTHRIE & CO.,

Corner First and A Sts.



Barnes Foot Power Machinery, Complete outfits for all wood-working business.

Scroll and Rip Saws, Lathes, Mortising, Tenoning Machines, etc.

Descriptive price list free

DAYTON & HALL

AGENTS,

Portland Oregon.

PIONEER MASQUE DEPOT.

Masquerade Suits AND Theatrical Costumes FOR RENT,

Lists, Designs and Estimates offered to the Country Trade. Cash or Reference required.

GOLD TRIMMING.

[illegible] First St.

[illegible] GOLDSMITH & LOEWENBERG

Importers and Dealers in

METALS, Plain Stamped Japanned Wares, Tinners' Trimmings, Plumbers' Lead and Iron Pipe Pumps etc.

83 and 85 Front st.

Sole Agents for Northwestern Foundry.

[illegible]'S DETECTIVE SERVICE

Established 1873.

C. H. TIDD, Proprietor.

[illegible] Business Transacted for Corporations and Individuals.

[illegible] Office: [illegible] Street, [illegible] American Bank Building.

[illegible] Office: [illegible] Street, [illegible] American Bank Building.

H. SULLIVAN Manager

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

[illegible]

The Oregonian.

PORTLAND, FRIDAY, APRIL 1, 1887.

THE WOOL PROBLEM.

In a long article the *East Oregonian* shows the injustice of the heavier charge on wool from points in Eastern Oregon to the Eastern states than from Portland to the same destination,—an injustice that seems more glaring to the Eastern Oregon wool grower from the fact that much of the wool has first been hauled from that section of country down to Portland and then trundled back on its way East past the stations from which it was originally shipped. All this will now end, however, under the interstate commerce bill. Wool can no longer be shipped from Portland to the East, by rail, at lower rates than from points in the interior, and the thing against which the Pendleton paper makes its protest is already at an end.

And yet the interstate law has brought about conditions that for the present, at least, are far worse for the wool grower than those about which this vigorous complaint is so justly made. It is apparent that the railroads, before they make a rate on wool, are going to study the subject on all its possible sides, with a view of adopting a policy that will get out of the traffic as nearly as possible all it will bear. Our shipping points, Pendleton, Arlington and The Dalles, will now no longer have so much reason to complain about the rate that Portland will get as about the rate that may be made for points in Idaho, Montana, Utah, Wyoming and Colorado and Dakota; for the rates made for those points will govern the rates for all points further west, and the roads will charge the wool growers of Montana, Idaho, etc., more than our wool growers have been accustomed to pay. The result will be that it will cost more to carry our wool to market than heretofore, and the loss will come out of the wool grower.

This is the present situation. And yet we hope for some adjustment, through interposition of the commissioners, which will raise this embargo upon the movement of our wool. The fear is that it will continue till there will be great losses on the part of flock owners, as well as on the part of those who have made advances on the wool clip of the year.

What the Pendleton paper now calls for is interposition by the interstate commission to prevent Portland from getting lower rates than towns of Eastern Oregon. But this is already secured. Those towns can now ship wool to the east just as cheap as Portland can, but not so cheap as they could before the old arrangement was broken.

THE CHOLERA.

Our dispatches announce that the cholera has reached Panama and that the health authorities of Texas are taking precautions against its introduction into that state from Mexico, whose railway connections with the United States form a naturally rapid and dangerous line for the march of this dread disease. This movement of the cholera originally appeared in Buenos Ayres, where it still prevails. From Buenos Ayres it worked westward. Throughout February the daily mortality in the city of Rosario was from 60 to 100, and 70 per cent. of the cases were fatal. At Tucuman, in the northern part of the Argentine Republic, there were some days as many as 500 cases, but Mendoza, on the eastern slope of the Andes, suffered more severely. From Mendoza the disease crossed the Andes to Chili, the first case appearing on the 26th of December last. The mortality has been very great in the city of Santiago, where 60 per cent. of the cases proved fatal, and several cases were reported at Valparaiso on the coast. There is a large grain trade between Chili and England, and wherever those vessels touch they are likely to carry disease, as an if Peru and Bolivia escaped. In some way, at all events, the disease has reached Panama, and from thence it is likely to reach Mexico. From Mexico it will be remarkable if it does not reach the ports of California and Texas. If it reaches Texas it will go to New Orleans, and from New Orleans advance up the Mississippi and along the seacoast of the South. If the health authorities of the United States are on the alert there is no reason to apprehend that the cholera will get any serious foothold in our country, but timely precautions need to be taken and sternly enforced. The ravages of the yellow fever a few years ago in New Orleans, Meridian and Memphis are proof of what destruction such diseases work if they once gain foothold in a good feeding ground.

FARMS EAST AND WEST.

According to the latest report of the department of agriculture at Washington, there are now about five million farms in the United States. The number has increased one million since 1880. Average size of farms in New York in 1880 was 99 acres; in Pennsylvania 93 acres; in Ohio 99 acres; in Michigan 90 acres; in Illinois 124 acres, and in Kentucky 105 acres. There has been considerable decrease in the size of farms since 1850, particularly in the older states; but this decrease latterly has not been so rapid as might have been expected. Thus in New York the average size of farms in 1850 was 100 acres, against 99 acres in 1880, and in Illinois 146 acres in 1850 against 124 acres in 1880. The greatest reduction of the size of farms is in the cotton states.

It has usually been supposed that the farmers of the older states were much less in debt than those of the newer ones; but recent inquiries show that this is not the case. Thus, in New York, 20 per cent. of the farms are mortgaged, though money is as low as 5 per cent. per annum. Decrease of railway rates and rapid transportation from the West has been effecting a steady decrease in the profits of Eastern farms, and the low prices of produce are not only especially discouraging to the Eastern farmers who are in debt, but make it quite certain that in many cases they will never be able to pay out.

WAR ON THE WHISKY TAX.

The Macon (Ga.) *Telegraph* denounces the internal revenue tax on whisky as "a war tax; an unnecessary tax; a tax that will take $100,000,000 from the business of the country in the next year, and retire it as a surplus." The free-trade character of the tax with some very warm epithets. We quote:

> It is the creature of monopoly, whose single object is to concentrate power in the hands of the few, and to subject the many to their will. It is the child of the war, and it still threatens the manufacturing interests of the land, and will threaten it as long as it remains.
>
> This is the indictment we bring, and we count that man of the South a traitor to his people and a public enemy who would perpetuate the infamous internal revenue tax. It is useless to mouth words on such a subject. If these people want to continue their alliance with the whisky ring they are free to do so, but judge them by their attitude toward the internal revenue. No man who favors this direct and dangerous system can be a democrat. No defender of the whisky ring can be a friend of the South. Though it rend our people in twain, let the line be drawn.
>
> If the South generally sympathizes with this view, it would seem as if Randall, who seeks to wipe out the internal revenue taxes, in order to give the people free whisky and tobacco, which they don't need, instead of giving them cheap necessaries of life, ought to lead the Southern democracy instead of Carlisle.

It seems probable to us, from statements submitted by Revs. Thompson and Skidmore of Vancouver, that Mrs. Emma Molloy is not guilty of participation in the murder in Missouri with which her name has been connected. From numerous statements and documents concerning her which have been submitted to us, we conclude that she is a foolish kind of woman, with great gift of tongue, gushing with silly humanitarianism; an exponent of the weakly sentimental side of Christianity; a "reformer" who can produce a sensation anywhere among those who are not very well founded in the principles of steady and saving common sense, and who are easily carried into raptures by one who has the gift of hysterical utterance. She appears to be one of those peripatetic reformers and revivalists in whose hands morality is divorced from reason and religion from judgment; yet among those who worship the "evangelist" who can excite their emotions, or rather who can stir their palpitations, such as she will always find an audience. But they who have the power of doing real and permanent good don't tramp the continent on these expeditions. Some community finds their value and keeps them. The very fact that Mrs. Molloy can't stay in one place any length of time shows the ephemeral nature and little value of her "work." Every person of well-balanced judgment feels instinctively that such "work" has a merely sensational and histrionic character, or lower still, that it is burlesquable.

The opinion recently given by the United States supreme court in the drummer tax case arose under a statute of Tennessee requiring all drummers in Memphis to pay ten dollars a week or twenty-five dollars a month for the privilege of selling by sample in that city. This law applied to Tennessee drummers as well as to those from other states. The United States supreme court in this case has decided that no state has the power to exact a license from traveling salesmen resident of other states, nor to impose a tax upon the sales made by them, even when the license is exacted from or the tax is levied on its own citizens. The court held this to be an interference with and a burden upon interstate commerce in violation of the federal constitution which vests in congress the power to regulate commerce between the states. The court says that if a state may levy a tax upon the citizens of another state for selling goods it may make the tax prohibitory and thereby shut out all trade from any other state.

The New York state railroad commission has reported to the legislature in favor of the entire abolishment of car stoves and heaters on railways and the substitution of steam or hot-air pipes connecting with the locomotive or an independent car. Of the practicability of thus heating railway trains the committee has no doubt where the trains do not exceed seven cars. Concerning its applicability to longer trains the commission says:

> Under the directions of the board, its inspector asked in each case of engineers and master mechanics, "With a train of twelve or fourteen cars and the engine working her full power, could you, without detriment to your engine or loss of time, heat your train with steam from your boilers?" He reports that the answer was almost universally: 'We believe we can, but prefer actual experience before saying much on that subject." Each inventor and his friends insist that it can be done under his system, and hence that failure to adopt that system at once is almost criminal.

Of Sherman's Southern tour Watterson, of the Louisville *Courier-Journal*, spoke the other day as follows:

> I believe it would be a great thing for the whole country, and for the democratic party in particular, to break up the Solid South and cease to elect presidents and congresses on sectional lines. It is coming as sure as the sun shines. Look at Virginia with her six republican congressmen out of eight. North Carolina is trembling on the verge of political revolution; Tennessee doesn't dare go out after dark for fear of finding the house occupied by some stranger on her return; Alabama is filling up with Northern people and is bound to be a protection state. All these things point to a new era in American politics, and I welcome the day of its advent. If Mr. Sherman can do anything in his next week's tour to prepare the people of the South for the reception of new ideas, or make them believe that the old ones are dead and buried, he will be doing a great work.

Examination of tables of the wheat product of the world for the year 1886 shows some results that may surprise those who hitherto have not given the comparative wheat production of the principal countries special attention. The United States, of course, is at the head of the list, its product being put at 457,000,000 bushels. France follows next, with 299,000,000 bushels, and India third, with 230,000,000 bushels. Russia is fourth, with 213,000,000. How many persons, if asked to name the wheat-growing countries in their order of production, would place Russia below France and India? That France, which is scarcely larger than California, yields so much wheat in addition to her other enormous products of agriculture, is an incident that helps to give an idea of the prodigious extent of her industry, and it erefore of the causes of her surprising thrift and prosperity.

The congressional record of Samuel J. Randall, which reaches back to December, 1861, is not that of a statesman. He opposed the civil rights bill and the fourteenth and fifteenth amendments; he voted for the retroactive salary grab of 1866 and the second salary grab bill of 1873, and opposed the repeal of both acts; he opposed the civil service reform act; he voted against the bill for the resumption of specie payments; he favored the Bland silver dollar bill; he has always voted against reducing the tariff taxes on coal and salt; he voted for the pauper pension bill and voted to pass it over the veto, and has tried to repeal the internal revenue taxes on whisky and tobacco—luxuries that ought to carry a heavy tax, in order to prevent any reduction of the present onerous taxes on the primitive necessaries of life.

The men who passed the interstate commerce bill assured themselves joyfully that they had legislated the railroad pool out of existence. What they appear to have done, says the St. Paul *Pioneer-Press*, is to raise it to the rank of seasonal importance, and to perpetuate it as a necessary part of all railroad management in the future.

Col. A. K. Walker, of the interstate commerce commission, is described by the New York *Times* as "not a Blaine republican but he voted the ticket." Col. Walker's sponsor, Senator Edmunds is "not a Blaine republican but he voted the ticket" and Judge Cooley is a mugwump republican who voted for Cleveland.

The last bond call of $10,000,000 reduces the amount of 3 per cent. bonds to $139,000,000, which will all be called by the 20th of June. This will carry the departmental surplus up to the beginning of the new fiscal year. It is believed, without any great strain on account of the accumulation of surplus.

The Southern democrats believe in more silver and in inflation in all shapes, so do the democrats of the West, and so, we are sorry to say, in the main do the republicans of Iowa, Colorado, Nevada and the Pacific coast.

PRESS OPINIONS.

Science for the million. Drinking water from coal tar.—Washington Critic.

We once heard the Rev. William H. Sidis, D. D., say: "The man that is in the right can always afford to wait."—Richmond Religious Herald.

A very wealthy young woman questions her confessor. "Is it a sin, father," she asks, "to take pleasure in having people call me beautiful?" "Certainly, my child, it is always wicked to encourage falsehood."—French Fun.

Dear, impulsive, passionate Ella Wheeler Wilcox says she loves the bustle in a large city. Yes, love, it takes a large city to make the bustle perfectly comfortable. No pent-up Utica, satisfies one of the real bang-up kind.—Boston Herald.

Friend (to Robinson)—I've just heard that Mrs. Robinson met with a runaway accident this morning but didn't learn the particulars. Anybody injured? Robinson (cheerfully)—Nobody but the fellow who ran away with her.—New York Sun.

"The only possible objection that can be found with the house," said the landlord, after showing all the apartments, "is the absence of a bathroom." "That doesn't make any difference at all," replied the would-be tenant; "we are anarchists."—Harper's Bazar.

It is true, however, the too swift may arrive as tardy as the slow. Cranks, like tramps, have their uses in this world of ours. Like the bones by the wayside in the desert, they show the traveler to what end the misdirected and ignorant may come.—Baltimore American.

Beings are Dangerous.

You say, well 'tis only a slight cold, look out, it may lead to an inflammation of the lining of the numerous air cells of the Lungs, this is Pneumonia; or Spasmodic contractions of the fibers of the air passages, which is Asthma; or the inflammation of the lining membrane of the throat and tubes which pass through the Lungs, which in the first stage is called Bronchitis, and may lead to Consumption. Santa Ada is delicious in flavor, certain and perfect in its results. A few doses will relieve, a thorough treatment cure the above-named diseases. Every bottle warranted by all druggists.

WATER RATES REDUCED.

The Committee Announce a New Schedule Going into Effect To-Day.

A Bill for Damages not Paid—The Residents of "Nob" Hill Petition for a Better Supply —Other Business.

A special meeting of the water committee was held yesterday afternoon, Chairman Failing presiding; present Messrs. Corbett, Dekum, Fleischner, Ladd, Lewis, Loewenberg, Reed, Richardson, F. C. Smith and W. K. Smith and Clerk Schuyler. The minutes of a meeting of the sub-committee held last Monday were read and spread upon the records. The principal points of this meeting were a petition from the residents of Taylor street between Twelfth and Fourteenth asking for better service, which was referred to the engineer for examination and report; the question of creating a commission at this time as provided by the act, and the consideration of Benc & Co.'s bill for damages. The bill was referred to the general committee without recommendation.

A BILL DISALLOWED.

This bill was the first business brought up before the general committee and the following opinion from the city attorney was read:

> To the Water Committee—*Gentlemen*: I have been requested by your auditing committee to submit an opinion as to the liability of the city of Portland, or the water committee, for the damages alleged to have been sustained by Messrs. M. Bene & Co. in the stock of merchandise by reason of the bursting of one of the water mains connected with the water works under the control of the committee.
>
> The city of Portland would not, in my opinion, be liable at all, in any event, for the injuries complained of. The only question then is as to what extent the committee would be liable, and what circumstances would make it liable to respond in damages for injuries like those complained of in this case. Certain duties have been imposed by law upon the committee, which it has undertaken to discharge, and it is bound to bring to the discharge of those duties the exercise of due care and diligence. It is the duty of the committee to select suitable and competent agents and employes; to select and use proper pipe and material, and to exercise due care and skill in laying the pipe and mains and keeping the same in proper repair. Any negligence or carelessness on the part of the committee in the discharge of their duties, or in fact any ministerial duty imposed upon it by the act creating the committee and providing for the purchase or construction of waterworks, resulting in injury to persons or property, would, in my judgment, render the committee liable.
>
> So the question in this particular case is as to whether the damages claimed by M. Beno & Co. were occasioned by the negligence or carelessness of the committee, its officers or agents. If so, then it is liable; if not so, then it is not liable.
>
> If the committee knew that the main was defective, or out of repair, and failed to repair it within a reasonable time, or if it had notice through any of its members, or any of its officers or agents, that the main was leaking, in time to have shut off the water and prevent the injury, and failed to do so, that would be such negligence as would render the committee liable for the injuries resulting from such failure.
>
> On the other hand, if the committee did not know that the main was defective, or out of repair, and could not with reasonable diligence have discovered that it was, and had been in the habit of the leak or bursting of the main before the injury occurred, then there would not be negligence.
>
> Whether there was such negligence or not the committee can best determine for itself, as there are doubtless members of the committee familiar with all the facts. Respectfully submitted,
>
> A. H. TANNER, City Attorney.

The bill evoked some discussion, and doubt was thrown on the question of Beno & Co. having sustained $122 75 damages as claimed. There was no doubt to be an error in one item of $120. Finally the bill was disallowed.

RESTORING STREETS.

An opinion was read from City Attorney Tanner, in which he states that ordinances No. 2839 and 4092, which required boards from persons digging up the street for laying gas and water mains, did not apply to the committee. The council, he thought, ought to impose cond tions and make regulations, but this will require additional legislation.

The city was instructed to furnish a copy of this opinion to the superintendent of streets, with the information that the committee would restore the streets as perfectly as possible.

MAINS WANTED IN THE WEST END.

A petition was received from J. Gaston and many other residents of King's and Johnson's first addition, calling attention to the fact that there is now no public water supply for domestic purposes and no protection from fire. They ask that the Jefferson street main be extended to some point near the intersection of West Salmon and Nicolai.

A similar petition was presented by Mrs. Sherlock and others, asking for service on B street between North Eighteenth and North Twenty first.

The petitions submitted the information that a new reservoir on higher ground than the Eighth street reservoir must be built to accommodate these sections.

Col. Fleischner suggested that sooner or later a reservoir would have to be built in the park, and the committee might as well build a small one there and supply water to the people living on the hills.

The petitions were referred to a special committee, consisting of Messrs. Corbett and F. C. Smith.

The bill of the Portland Water company for $229 50 for "extras" during January was not allowed.

NEW RATES.

The special committee to whom was referred the matter reported the following monthly water rate, to take effect from and after April 1, 1887. The report was adopted:

Family Rate—No rate less than	$ 75
Six persons or less (water closet, bath and hose additional)	75
Each additional person	10
Water Closets—First closet for families or in store	75
Each additional	25
Hotels and boarding houses, first closet	1 00
Each additional	50
Saloons, public buildings or block, first closet	1 00
Each additional	50
Urinals—In public buildings, blocks and stores, each	25
Hotels and boarding houses, each	50
Bath Tubs—Private houses	50
Each additional	25
Hotels and boarding houses	50
Each additional	50
Buildings and block	1 00
Each additional	50
Barber shops and bathing houses, each tub	1 00
Hotels and Boarding Houses—In addition to first faucet, water closets, baths and urinals, each room	10
Public Buildings and Blocks—Per room	10
Eneries—No rate less than	2 00
For each barrel flour used per day	50
Barber Shops—First chair	1 00
Each additional	50
Stables—First stall	1 00
Each additional, up to ten	60
Above ten, each	25
Stores—Drug stores	1 25 to $2 00
Grocery	75
Dry goods and other stores	75
Liquor stores	2 50 to 4 00
Families living in same building	75
Saloons	1 50
Butcher Shops and Fish Markets	1 00
Building Purposes—Each 1000 bricks, wetting	20
Each barrel cement, wetting	15
Each barrel lime, wetting	15
Each perch stone	10
Blacksmith Shops—First fire	1 00
Each additional	25
Bank Blacksmiths—Five persons or less	1 00
Each additional	10
Printing Offices—(In addition to steam engine and water closet), each power press	2 00
Each hand press	50
Each person employed	10
Irrigation—For flower and vegetable gardens, lawns and green houses, each one-fourth lot or less	75
Each lot or less	1 50
Each block or less	2 00
Each block in itself	2 50
Sidewalk Sprinkling—Each twenty-five feet B. S. building or sash of windows	50
Each side yard or court	25
Each hallway to basement, addition	25
Occupants and Lessees-Houses—In addition to water closet	1 50 to 15 00
Manufactories and Shops—Not otherwise specified, six persons or less	1 00
Each additional person	10
Steam Engines—Each horse power, 10 hours each day to 10-horse power	50
From 10 to 20-horse power	1 00
From 20 to 30-horse power	2 00
From 30 to 40-horse power	2 50
Ore crushers	1 00
Sterling Engines—Each person	1 00
Offices—In addition to water closet	75
Meter Rates—1000 to 25,000 gallons, per 1000	50
25,000 to 50,000, per 1000	25
50,000 to 100,000, per 1000	20
Over 100,000 gallons, special rates.	
Photograph Galleries—From	2 00 to 5 00
Soda Fountains—Each	50
Laundries—From	1 00 to 20 00 or by meter
Chinese Washhouses—Each	3 00
Chinese Buildings—First six persons	1 00
Each additional person	10
Ice Cream Saloons—Each	1 50
Laboratories, Soda Manufactories, Bathing Establishments, Telegraph and Telephone Offices, Vinegar Factories and Packing-Houses—Each, in addition to water closet	75c to 10 00
Gas Companies—Each	20 00 to 30 00 or by meter
Breweries—Each	25 00 to 100 00 or by meter
Schools, Public or Private—Each—From 3 00 to 20 00, or by meter rates at the per 1000 gallons	
Lawn Fountains—With ¼-inch nozzle	50
Water Motors—By meter only.	
Public Halls and Theaters	1 00 to 5 00
Hydraulic Elevators—15 00 to 30 00, or by meter	
Government, County or State Buildings—By meter only.	
Fire Department—Each hydrant	2 00
Each fire cistern	1 00
Each engine house	5 00
Police Department—Police building and jail	5 00
Each police station	
Sprinkling Carts—Meter rates.	
Sewer Work—Settling earth per block	3 00
Foundries—Each, in addition to engine and forge	1 50 to 7 50
Machine Shops, Resh or Door Factories—Same as manufactories.	
Fill in Cistern—Private, each 1000 gal	50
For other Uses—Or business not herein mentioned, by special rate or meter.	

NOTE—The rates on public buildings and blocks, barber shops, stores, saloons, butcher shops, book binderies, blacksmith shops, printing offices, manufactories, photograph galleries, laundries, Chinese buildings, ice cream saloons an i public halls is in addition to the rate on bathrooms, urinals and water closets.

The committee presented the following figures for January; Collections were $8918 12; at the reduced rates above published the receipts would have been $6038. Counting what is charged the city and a little natural increase, the committee estimate that their receipts for one year at the new rates will be $76,000, a reduction of 35 per cent. from former rates.

A CRIMINAL FAMILY.

AN ILLICIT RELATION BEGUN IN PORTLAND ENDS IN MURDER IN NEVADA.

The following from the Virginia City (Nev.) *Enterprise* of March 25 contains a reference to persons who will be remembered by some of our old citizens:

> The preliminary examination of L. J. Moore, charged with the murder of his daughter, Alice, at Glendale, Washoe county, two years ago, was commenced in the court of Justice Young at Reno, at 9 o'clock last Wednesday afternoon.
>
> The state was represented by District Attorney Evans and the defendant by Judges King and Webster.
>
> The first witness was the reputed wife, Mrs. Laura A. Moore, a woman 32 years of age, with silvered hair. She stated how, some twenty five years ago, she ran away from her husband, Wm. Blackstone, to whom she was married in Portland, Or., in April, 1853, and went with Moore to Vancouver, W. T. They afterward lived as man and wife at Walla Walla, W. T.; Yreka, Cal.; Humboldt county, this state; Portland, Or.; The Dalles, Or.; Silver City, Idaho, and some five years ago they came to Glendale township, Washoe county, where they have since lived. During those years she bore five children to Moore, the oldest of which is 22 years.
>
> The Reno *Gazette* thus reports the legal proceedings in the justice's court:
>
> District Attorney—How did you come to run away with Mr. Moore? Answer—He coaxed me away. He said he had a good home for me, and I found he had none.
>
> Question—During all these years that you lived with Moore, was the marriage ceremony between he and you ever performed? Answer—I do not know of any. He always said I was not his wife. There was some kind of a ceremony performed the night I ran away with him. It was by a Methodist minister.
>
> Q.—How long did you live with Blackstone. A.—Seven years.
>
> When the *Gazette* went to press Mrs. Moore was engaged in telling the court how Alice was killed on the night of April 1, 1885. She said Moore had been shearing sheep and did not come home until about 8 o'clock. That he whipped Alice brutally, then ate his supper; that while eating, Alice said it was the last whipping he would ever give her; that after finishing his supper he knocked her down and fell upon his knees upon her breast; that the girl cried for help, and her brother, Lafayette, going to her relief, was knocked aside; that the witness ran out of doors and cried for help; that afterwards she entered the kitchen, where the act was committed, and found Alice dying.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

County Clerk Church issued marriage licenses to the following persons during last month:

2—M. M. Worthington, 21; E. Donnelly, 20.
7—C. A. Moffatt, 40; C. M. Cartwright, 49.
8—Gussie A. Selling, 19; Mr. Sichel, 27.
10—Louise J. Specht, 21; C. W. Wiebush, 27.
11—Emma Johnson, 24; A. Westrem, 23.
11—Sadie Curran, 35; W. N. Smith, 42.
11—Pauline Hannan, 35; S. Abraham, 37.
11—Hilda S. Calson, 30; S. Peterson, 30.
15—Lizzie Downey, 21; David Hill, 28.
15—Sadie Griffith, 18; N. T. Reed, 27.
17—Metta Kiel, 18; C. N. Ashby, 21.
19—A. P. Hoeely, 23; W. C. Banks, 25.
19—M. Zimmerman, 22; G. H. Holtschheimer, 30.
21—Eva Robbins, 25; H. A. Grandvoall, 32.
28—Pauline Armstrong, 47; A. Benson, 45.
29—Matilda Jansen, 27; N. H. Tanggreed, 31.
31—Effie M. Knox, 21; F. L. Wright, 25.

A Quick Recovery.

It gives us great pleasure to state that the merchant who was reported being at the point of death from an attack of Pneumonia, has entirely recovered by the use of Dr. W. HALL'S BALSAM FOR THE LUNGS. Naturally he feels grateful for the benefits derived from using this remedy, for the lungs and throat are ingless publicity to this statement we are actuated by motives of public benefaction, trusting that others may be benefited in a similar manner.

MEETING NOTICE.

Willamette Encampment No. 3, I. O. O. F.—Attention! Sir Knights! A full attendance of your Prentice's parade store, First st., this evening, at 7:45 sharp. Fatigue uniform. JOS. T. HAYNE, Sir K. C. WILSON T. HUME, Sir K. R. S.

I. O. O. F.—Regular meeting of Hassalo Lodge No. 43, this Friday evening, at 7:30 o'clock. Work in the initiatory. All members and visiting brethren are cordially invited to attend. By order of the Lodge.

J. SHEPPERD, Sec'y.

M. BENO & CO., Grocers,
Removed to Second and Salmon Streets.

E. H. SCHWAB & BRO., Leading Printers,
LOWEST PRICES. 5 WASHINGTON St.

NEW TO-DAY.

THE DROUILHAT restaurant is certainly the most comfortable and best served house of the kind in the city. Besides the large down-stairs there are seven finely equipped rooms up-stairs, with private entrance for families or parties. Give them a call. No. 60 First st. 20mS

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE.

A WELL SELECTED STOCK OF DRUGS, paints, oils, etc., in a thriving city of 3000 inhabitants; good reasons for selling. For particulars, apply to SNELL, HEITSHU & WOODARD, Portland, Or.

SCHOOL CLERK.

THE OFFICE OF SCHOOL CLERK HAS BEEN removed to 15 Stark street.
1st3 F. A. DALY, School Clerk.

DAIRYMEN, ATTENTION!

SITUATION WANTED—BY A YOUNG MAN (Danish), as butter and cheese-maker; understands thoroughly the management of creameries, the Danish Weston cream separators, and all the latest improved dairy implements. Address HENRY F., care Oregonian. 1st3

THE KEY OF LIFE.

A FREE LECTURE AND ENTERTAINMENT will be given at Masonic Hall, Sunday night, April 3. Lecture by J. L. Berry, M. D., formerly of Bellevue Hospital, New York. Enter alumni and lecture by M. H. True, of New York. Reserved seats 25 cents. 1t

ALASKA STEAMER.

The Steamship "Ancon"

Will sail for Alaska and way ports

AT 5 P. M. TO-DAY, APRIL 1st,

Freight, accompanied by customs papers, received at first dock until noon.
30m2 E. CAMPBELL, Gen. Freight Agent.

REGULAR LINE TO TILLAMOOK.

The STR. "A. B. FIELD" will make regular trips (weather permitting)

Between Astoria, Tillamook Bay and Nestucca.

Freight shipped per O. R. & N. Co.'s cars or STR. "FIELD" will receive prompt attention. Passengers taken from Astoria. BABCOCK & CO.

MIKADO MILLINERY AND DRESS-MAKING PARLORS.

MRS. SWIFT, 100½ MORRISON St., has secured the services of Mrs. Morril, late of Arcade's, and is now fully prepared to take orders in both branches of her business. Parlors 4 flights of stairs, but elevator will enable her to turn out first-class work at lowest rates. Call and see, and tell your friends. 27mS

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—FEW EXPERT CLOAK HANDS TO make up for stock; also few Assistant makers. 31m3t H. B. LITT.

A SUITE OF FRONT ROOMS WITH BOARD at 163 Sixth st. 1m1

PIANO FOR SALE OR FOR RENT AT 8 EAST Park st., near C. 1m1f

BARBER WANTED AT THE FOURTH-STREET baths, East Portland. 1t

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO HOUSEWORK; NO washing. Apply at 91 Montgomery st. 1t

NERVOUS DISEASES A SPECIALTY. DR. FORBES, Room 9, 1st National Bank.

A STEADY YOUNG MAN WANTS JOB WAITING on table. Address P. P., care Oregonian. 1st

FOR RENT—FURNISHED COTTAGE AT 220 B st., bet. Eleventh and Twelfth. Apply on the premises. 1m3

TO EXCHANGE—SUBURBAN LOT FOR A GOOD gentle buggy horse. JOHN M. CHESS, Room 2, 125 First st. 29m3t

WANTED—SIX GOOD HARNESS-MAKERS. Apply at BENNETT & HARVEY'S, 105 Front st., Portland, Or. 1st

FURNISHED, OR PARTLY SO—ONE OR TWO sunny front rooms, with privilege of kitchen; bath. 175 Washington st. 1m3

ROOM MATE WANTED—YOUNG MAN OF good habits; elegant suite near postoffice. Address P. O. Box 610. 1t

BARGAINS! BARGAINS!—BLOCKS, CHOICE lots of the largest, for a few days only. W. A. DALY & SON, 15 Stark st. 30m3

CONSULTATION FREE — DOCTOR FORBES treats all chronic diseases, rooms 8 and 9, First National Bank, Portland. 1m1f

FOR RENT—A TWO-STORY HOUSE WITH bath, gas, etc., cor. Sixth and Tenth. Inquire of E. DEVLIN, 145 First st. 1m3

FOR SALE—SOME CHOICE LOTS IN ALBINA, at a bargain. PARRISH, WATKINS & CORNELL, 48½ Washington st. 1m3

A NICELY FURNISHED ROOM FOR RENT; hot and cold water; use of bath. 170 Third st., bet. Yamhill and Morrison. 1m1

H. B. LITT, MANUFACTURER OF FINE LADIES' Dresses and Wraps only, cor. 3d and Alder sts. Send for rules and samples. 28m3m eThu

FOR DISEASES OF THE KIDNEYS AND bladder, consult DR. FORBES, Rooms 8 and 9, First National Bank. Analysis of urine.

WANTED—200 LABORERS FOR R.R. WORK. Parties leave on April 1st, 4th, 8th and 8th. Free fare. 31m3t REYNOLD & CO., 104 First st.

WALLPAPER NEW DESIGNS just in, direct from Eastern factory. Schofield & Morgan, 67 Washington st.

FOR RENT—ONE LARGE FURNISHED FRONT room with two closets, in private family, to respectable parties; no other roomers. 155 Ninth st. 1m3

WANTED—A BOY, 15 YEARS OF AGE, LIVING with his parents, to learn printing, also a man to run an office. Address S. G., care Oregonian. 1m2

WANTED—AT ONCE COTTAGE HOUSE WITH five or six rooms; would prefer it furnished for light housekeeping. Address U. Y., care Oregonian. 1t

$1000 WILL BUY A PROFITABLE BUSINESS; investigation given; satisfactory reason for selling. Address K. Y., care Oregonian. 30m3t

MILLINER WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED milliner for a large city in the Willamette valley; good home furnished and liberal wages. Apply to MELLIS BROS. & CO. 1t

STORE FIXTURES AT a bargain, of LEWIS'S SHOE ESTABLISHMENT 230 First st. Store to let. 30m

FOR SALE—DRUG STORE AND PHYSICIAN'S practice in one of the best growing towns in Eastern Oregon. For further particulars, address Dr. S. E. SCOTT, North Powder, Or. 1m4

FOR SALE—FINE FARM AND STOCK RANCH for sale—Fine farm, six miles above Drewsey, Grant county, Or. For particulars, see J. P. BURDICK, 22 Front st, Portland. 1m1m

LOST—AN ENGLISH RETRIEVER, ABOUT 6 months old; brownish color; white under the neck; answers to the name of Rover. A suitable reward will be paid for its return to 389 Morrison st. 1t

BUCODA COAL $5 per Ton. Delivered to any part of the city. UNION FUEL CO., 39 Ash st., Sole Agents.

BOOKKEEPER WANTED—A FIRST CLASS reliable man who can give the very best of reference; permanent position to the right man. Apply in person to ARTHUR MOEN, care Secretary Portland Hotel.

RUPTURE CURED—NO SURGERY! Work every day! Cures guaranteed. Call on or address FORDEN & LUTHER, room 9, First National Bank Building, Portland, Or.

WANTED—A GIRL TO DO GENERAL HOUSEwork in a respectable private family. Apply; good wages will be paid to a competent person; references required. Address K. P. P. O. box 100, Astoria, Or.

NEW TO-DAY.

WANTED—SITUATION IN WHOLESALE OR retail clothing business; can give good reference. Address L. M., care Oregonian. 2t

A FIRST CLASS COOK (ALSO UNDERSTANDS the German language) wants a situation. Call at W. C. T. U., First and Jefferson sts. 30m3

WANTED—SITUATION, BY A YOUNG LADY to do copying, or as amanuensis; good references given. Address or call at 74 Fourth st. 30m7

WANTED—SITUATION AS BOOKKEEPER or clerk in store or office; satisfactory testimonials with regard to ability furnished if desired. Address J., care Oregonian. 31m7

WANTED—A LADY WITH EIGHT YEARS' experience in Eastern schools wants a position as teacher in a country or suburban school. Address Teacher, St. Charles Hotel. 31m1f

A YOUNG LADY WHO HAS HAD EXPERience in teaching vocal and instrumental music, piano and organ, also the English branches, desires a position in a school or for family. Address, stating terms, Q. V., care Oregonian. 3m

WANTED—AGENTS.

DR. GRAY'S CELEBRATED ACME ELECTRIC Belt, containing in itself a most complete battery, charges the human system with nature's greatest remedy—life—thereby giving sure relief to all Nervous Debility, Seminal Weakness, Female Complaints, and other kindred diseases which drugs do not reach. Agents wanted in every town and city. Address ACME BELT AGENCY, 181 First st., Portland, Or.

WANTED—ONE PHYSICIAN OR DRUGGIST in each town on the coast to sell our Celebrated Scientific Electric Magnetic Belts, used and recommended by the leading doctors of America and Europe; will cure all nervous weakness and other troubles when medicines fail; mighty, matching and magical, four years' success in Portland. DR. LEETE AGENCY, 181 First st., Portland, Or.

WANTED—ONE OR TWO GOOD MEN TO sell Oregon nursery stock; steady employment; pay weekly; horse furnished. Call at 1 P. M. or 7 to 8 P. M., 171 Second st., Portland.

WANTED—MISCELLANEOUS.

WANTED—TYPE-WRITER; SECOND-HAND; must be in good condition; all modern improvements; capitals and small letters. Address, stating price, etc., Machine, care Oregonian. 30m7

WANTED—AN EXPERIENCED GARDENER and trucker to rent place or work it on shares; married man preferred; house to live in on place; must give good reference. Address W. H. WORTHAM, Real Estate Agent, Ashland, Or. 25m1f

WANTED—HELP.

WANTED—GOOD BLACKSMITH AND HORSESHOER. Apply to O. A. STETSON, Astoria, Or.

WANTED—A BRIGHT, ACTIVE, WILLING boy, 15 or 16 years old, for bookstore. Address Books, care Oregonian. 31m1f

WANTED—AN ENERGETIC YOUNG MAN (references given preference). Apply at rooms 10 and 11, 188½ First st.

FOR SALE—REAL ESTATE.

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS ON CRICKET GROUND; good five-room cottage, hard finished, price $2500. Will sell cottage, with part of ground. Call on I. C. UNGER, 200 Front st. 29m3f

BEAUTIFUL RESIDENCE PROPERTY IN Portland for sale on easy terms. One of the choicest locations near the city; lots 8 and 9, east end Lots 3 and 4, Kern's Addition. J. B. EWING, 39 Morrison st. 31m1

FOR SALE—TWO LOTS (100x100), TWENTIETH and Ells; 25x100, with good house, Sixth st., three blocks from postoffice, corner lot, store and dwelling, a bargain; also 25 lots; 8 acres near the city. Inquire of W. C. Leadbetter, 42 and 44 Second st., Portland, Or.

FOR SALE OR FOR RENT—AT HOOD RIVER, a furnished house of eight rooms and twenty acres of land enclosed; healthful location; cool, shaded and free from dust. Inquire at 415 Seventh st

e: Theater!
ings, April 4th and 5th.
ONCERT
ED SUCCESS!
and MUSIN
: : : : : DUZENSI
cert.
stume, etc., from Grand Opera.
.....TUESDAY—CARDIN
Seats now on sale.

TO RENT—ROOMS AND OFFICES.
FOR RENT—NEWLY ... 163 West Park st., cor. Morrison.
UNFURNISHED ROOMS, ... single, at 129½ Third st., bet. Alder.
FOR RENT—A PLEASANTLY ... front room down-stairs; private ... at 84 Sixth st.
NICELY FURNISHED ROOMS ... 100 Alder st., cor. East Park.
FOR RENT—FURNISHED ROOMS ... cash st., cor. Salmon.
NEWLY FURNISHED ROOMS ... 140 Fourth st., bet. Alder and Ash.
FOR RENT—NEWLY ... en suite or single, with bath; ... at 385 Washington st.
PLEASANT FURNISHED ROOM ... bath, etc.; convenient to street ... 334 Morrison st., cor. Pacific.
FOR RENT—TWO OR THREE ... Sunny furnished rooms, pleasantly ... home comforts in a private family; ... Eighth st., bet. Davis and Everett.
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISH ... rent, single and en suite; ... references exchanged. ... Ninth.
FOR RENT—A FURNISHED ROOM ... room in a private family at ... Ninth; references exchanged.
FURNISHED ROOMS IN A PRIVATE ... ily, with pleasant home, at 342 Main ... mon and Main.
I HAVE JUST OPENED AT ... of nice rooms, situated ... for young men. Strictly ... Terms very reasonable. ...
FOR RENT—IN STONE'S BLOCK ... Market st., a flat of four rooms; ... corner; only ten cents per day. ...
ROOMS TO RENT—TWO NICELY ... rooms over Feldenheimer & ... cor. First and Morrison. ...
FOR RENT—HANDSOMELY ... en suite or single, at the Vienna Bakery. ...
FURNISHED AND UNFURNISH ... en suite or single; also furnished ... rooms for housekeeping. ...

TO RENT—HOUSES AND STORES.
FOR RENT—A DESIRABLE ... lace, 111 Pine st., cor. of Sixth. ...
FOR RENT—A NICELY ... room house. Address C. H. JO ... Seventh and Pine. ...
FOR RENT—APRIL ... house, 332 C st., near Pi ... modern improvements. ... North Seventh. ...

TO RENT—ROOMS, WITH BOARD.
FOR RENT—FURNISHED ... or single, with or without board, ... cor. st. in Zimmer's new building. ...
A HANDSOMELY FURNISHED ... to rent, with or without board, ... N.W. cor. of Taylor; references ...

LOST AND FOUND.
LOST—A SMALL GOLD ... medal, with initials ... ide. Suitable reward will ... rgird st., at Oregonian office. ...
LOST—A LITTLE WHITE-... Mexican dog, with white ... ... Liberal reward will be paid ... return to 149 Fifth st., bet. Morrison and ... ive $2 reward. ...

SPECIAL NOTICES.
NEPTUNE BATHS AND ... First st., up-stairs. ...
ROEBEL KINDERGARTEN ... School, 248 Washington st. ...
HENRY ACH, ATTORNEY ... forms st., San Francisco, Cal. ... Ach. ...
MRS. E. DEPRANS, MEDIUM ... nances the world. ... ioot, at 220 Washington st., cor. ... Healing Power of Mind at 1:30 P. M. ... from 10 A. M. to 1 P. M. only, and ... 2:30 to 3 P. M. ...
NOTICE—THIS IS TO CERTIFY ... not be responsible for any debts ... Fancy A. Wilson or any person living ... late. ...
THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ... holders of Multnomah Real Estate ... will be held at the office of the Secretary, ... Portland, Or., at 3 o'clock P. M. on ... 23rd inst. ...
NOTICE—THE ANNUAL MEETING OF THE ... stockholders of the Tacoma Land Co., at Tacoma, W. T., will be held at the office of the company in Portland, Or., on Tuesday, the 5th day of April, 1887, at the hour of 7:30 P. M. for the election of officers for the ensuing year and for such other business as may properly come before said meeting. ... 31mo7 CHARLES F. BURTON, Secretary.
STOCKHOLDERS' MEETING ... meeting of the stockholders of the ... Association will be held ... ... of Stark st., Portland, Or., ... P. M. The business to be transacted ... officers and a board of directors ... ar and the consideration of a ... ne capital stock of the association. ... at meeting. All stockholders are ... particularly requested to be present, as ... ... be present. ... March 29, 1887. ...
JOHN THOMPSON & CO. ... pointed Agents for the ... Columbia River Packers' Co. ... ared to purchase, for cash, the ... Spean and all other kinds of Paper Stock ... ... ntial of all kinds. Send in your ...

BUSINESS CHANCES.
FOR SALE—A RESTAURANT IN A ... location; fine chance to a live man. ... urant, care Oregonian. ...
DRUG STORE FOR SALE—MUST BE SOLD ... once; will sell low for cash or ... state. Address A 2, care Oregonian. ...
FOR SALE—A FIRST-CLASS ... mill business; paying 25 per cent. ... cash. No better chance for an energetic ... ... has ever been presented to the public. ... ... that is practically limitless, for a saw ... er, mill and planing machinery all new. ... ... ke this opportunity of buying out a ... ... on A. E. BURTHWICK, 309 Front st., ... on hand. ...
FOR SALE—A COUNTRY NEWSPAPER ... ...

FOREIGN DISPATCHES

News from Henry M. Stanley, the Great Explorer.

ANOTHER ASSAULT ON THE CZAR.

The Government Strikes out an Important Clause in the Coercion Bill—The Queen—A Bill to Buy out Irish Landlords.

A LETTER FROM STANLEY

He Complains of the Inactivity of the British.

LONDON, March 31.—A letter has been received from Stanley, dated Cape Town, March 8. He expresses bewilderment at the constant evidences he sees of the British yielding and shrinking in Africa before the noise, bluster and mock heroics. He says France and Portugal have strode with audacious and frantic haste to exclude British trade. "Now I come to Zanzibar and find that the British fleet has given way to the Germans, and that German orders outnumber the British. There is an aggressiveness about Germans that is ominous. Their manner is haughty and overbearing, and carries the air of supreme independence, while the British affect supreme indifference. I found Tippoo Tib, the uncrowned king, in the region between Stanley falls and Tanganyika lake, commanding thousands of fighting Arabs. He was equally ready to fight or be employed. I chose the latter, not with a view of helping him reach Emin Bey, but to assist in bringing away Emin's store. In the presence of the British consul I contracted with Tippoo Tib to supply me with 600 carriers. I also, after receiving consent from King Leopold, appointed Tippoo governor of Stanley Falls at a regular salary. He guarantees to defend the station against the Arabs and defeat and capture all persons raiding for slaves, and to abstain from engaging in the slave trade himself below Stanley Falls. A European officer will be appointed, who has resident of Stanley Falls, to insure adherence to the contract and stop Tippoo's authority on any breach of agreement. So far there has been no hitch in the expedition, everybody showing utmost sympathy, and our difficulties have been smoothed by the prevailing good feeling. I have sent a letter to Emin Bey, giving him the probable date of our arrival. Tippoo Tib has ordered his people to concentrate at Stanley Falls, to be in readiness for marching.

THE CZAR SENTENCED.

Another Attempted Assassination of the Czar Contemplated.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The *Star's* Berlin special says: "They are hunting the Czar close, and he may soon end his race. Dispatches received from other sources, at a late hour, confirm the report telegraphed from St. Petersburg that a well planned and desperate attempt had been made to kill the Czar. The Nihilists say that the Czar has been banished to Gatschina, which is now bisiprison, and a prison so large that he cannot escape. They declare that they have sentenced him to death and that his death is only a question of time.

ENGLAND.

THE QUEEN TRAVELING.

LONDON, March 31.—Queen Victoria's arrival at Cannes has been delayed a day by the accident to the train conveying her thither. It was discovered last night that the portages of the railway coach occupied by her majesty were heated. The discovery was made when the train reached Laroche. Her majesty's carriage was here stopped and it was decided to await daylight before proceeding. This morning the queen was removed to another carriage and continued her journey. She will reach Cannes to-morrow. The British men-of-war Thunderer, Colossus, Agamemnon and Dreadnaught, with the Duke of Edinburgh and Prince George of Wales on board, will be at anchor in the bay at Cannes awaiting the queen's arrival.

OBJECTIONS TO THE IRISH BILL REMOVED.

LONDON, March 31.—The cabinet have decided to abandon the clause of the Irish criminal law amendment bill, which provides for changing of venue from Dublin to London in certain classes of criminal trials, thus practically removing the greatest cause of the liberal-unionist opposition to the bill.

The national liberal federation has issued a summons for a meeting to be held April 6 for the purpose of denouncing the proposed Irish coercion measures.

BILL TO PURCHASE IRISH HOLDINGS.

LONDON, March 31.—In the house of lords to-night, Earl Cardigan, conservative, presented a bill providing for the purchase of Irish holdings, or in other words for the abolition of the system of ownership created by the act of 1881. Lease holders, whose leases expired prior to 1881 (numbering 180,000), were to be admitted to the benefits of the act of 1881 in the same manner as those whose leases expired in that year.

THE CORONET.

QUEENSTOWN, March 31.—The Coronet proceeded to Cowes at 9:30 this morning.

EASTERN NEWS ITEMS.

THE CHURCH AND THE KNIGHTS OF LABOR.

BALTIMORE, March 31.—A special from Rome gives the following text of a letter from Cardinal Manning, regarding the Knights of Labor, to a prominent divine of that city:

ARCHBISHOP'S HOUSE, WESTMINSTER, }
LONDON, March 11. }

My Dear Lord: I have read with great assent Cardinal Gibbon's document in relation to the Knights of Labor. The body see, I am sure, will be convened by his exposition of the state of the new world. I hope it will open a new field of thought and action. It passes the understanding that clerical persons should be listened to rather than church officers. Surely the episcopate of the whole world is the most powerful and direct instrument in the hands of the holy see for gathering correct local knowledge and enforcing its decisions. Who can know the temper of America, England and Ireland as they who have their finger upon the pulse of the people? Hitherto the world has been governed by dynasties. Henceforth the holy see will have to deal with the people, and it has hitherto lost close duty at not personally with the people. Never at any time has the episcopate been so detached from civic power and united in itself, and so it will be able to see, to realize and to use its power. His failure to see and use these powers will breed much trouble and mischief. My thanks are due the cardinal for letting me share in the argument. If I can find a copy of my lecture, "Dignity and the Rights of Labor," I will send it to him. It will, I think, qualify for knighthood in the order. Brentano, some years ago, published books on guilds, in which he proves that the association of labor and crafts goes back to antiquity. But there is this notable fact in English and Teutonic laws: They recognize the charter. In the Imperial and Latin laws they are rigorously prohibited. We are at this day a church, the mother, friend and protector of the people. As the Lord walked among them, so his church lives among them. The cardinal's cautious is irresistible.

Your affectionate servant in Christ,

HENRY EDWARD,
Cardinal, Archbishop of Westminster.

HARRISON WANTS THE REPUBLICAN NOMINATION TOO.

CHICAGO, March 31.—When the nominating committee assembled this evening Carter Harrison, and for the third time, declined the nomination outright, but, before resigning his seat, said that if the republicans would withdraw Roche and put on their ticket Carter Harrison he would beat Nelson by 30,000 votes and thus save the city from a socialist mayor, as the papers choose to style him. "You cannot ask Harrison to lead a forlorn hope," cried the mayor. "When Harrison runs he runs to win, but not to beat Mr. Roche. If the citizens of Goldsboro, Jones county, N. C., should say to him to run he would do so." Harrison then left the room. A member of the committee then moved to appoint an executive committee of five to confer with the representatives of citizens' organizations, should one develop. The motion was carried, and the democracy adjourned sine die.

BEN ALI'S ARGUMENT.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The *Sporting World* in its editorial says: Our Monmouth park letter contains very bad news for the admirers of Ben Ali. I don't suppose there were a dozen persons outside of Haggins's stable aware of the fact that the colt bled several times last fall, and that was the reason why he was not raced late in the fall. There is no doubt of its truth. Of course the colt had good preparation for one thus afflicted, but very rarely have such animals been able to forego the severe work necessary to prepare them for a race like the Suburban. This trouble ailed Joe Cotton last year. It can be alleviated, but very rarely cured. I am compelled to state that the chances against Ben Ali's winning the Suburban are strengthened 50 per cent. He is looking and doing very well at present, but as he has no really strong work his trouble has no chance to show itself. The The stable's hopes depend entirely upon Guenu.

CHOLERA IN TEXAS.

ST. LOUIS, March 31.—The El Paso (Texas) *Republican's* special says quarantine was instituted to-day against cholera. The disease has traveled northward in South America until it has reached the isthmus of Panama and it is feared that Mexican trains may bring it into the United States. All persons, baggage and freight from infected points will be denied admission. All mail from cholera infected points will be disinfected before received into United States points.

ENFORCING THE OLEOMARGARINE LAW.

ALBANY, N.Y., March 31.—The court of appeals has affirmed the judgment of the general term, convicting Lipman Arensberg of selling oleomargarine in violation of the statute. Judge Rapallo in delivering the opinion said the artificial color ng of oleomargarine to make it resemble dairy butter came within the statutory prohibition against imitation.

LABOR TICKET IN CINCINNATI.

CINCINNATI, March 31.—The labor party claim they will select their municipal ticket next Monday. They figure on polling 22,000 votes (which is not impossible), which would enable them to defeat both of the old parties.

STEAMSHIP TRANSFER.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Your correspondent hears to-day that the Southern Development company have positively effected the transfer of the Morgan steamship line. The terms have not yet been made public.

WASHINGTON NEWS ITEMS.

ALLOTMENT OF OREGON LANDS TO INDIANS.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The president today directed the allotment of lands in severalty to the Indians on the Warm Spring reservation in Oregon. This is the first action taken under the Indian land severalty act which was passed by the last congress. Under its provisions the surveyor-general of Oregon will have to survey a sufficient quantity of land to give each head of a family 160 acres; to each single person over 18 years of age, 80 acres; to each orphan under 18 years of age, 80 acres, and to each other single person under 18 years of age, 40 acres. This distribution is made to male and female alike. Each Indian will receive a patent to his land, which shall be of legal effect and declare that the United States will hold the land thus allowed for a period of twenty-five years in trust for the sole use and benefit of the Indian or his heirs. At the expiration of this period the United States will convey the land in fee.

THE HOLDOVER POSTMASTER.

CHICAGO, March 31.—A Washington special says: Postmaster-General Vilas has directed that a list be made of all presidential postmasters who were appointed under the last administration, together with any facts connected with unchanged postmasters and their offices, to be placed on file in the department. A force of clerks is at work compiling this information and it will be sent to the president in a few days, or as soon as it is ready. At this point it is believed that the object of securing this matter is to make changes during the summer, and that are those who say that the president, acting under the authority given him by the repeal of the tenure of office act, will remove every republican in presidential postoffices. A glance at the list as far as completed discloses the fact that there are very few republicans in presidential positions, perhaps more than five per cent. of the entire number.

FAIRCHILD TO GET THE SECRETARYSHIP.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—It is announced that the following appointments will be made tomorrow: Secretary-treasury, Charles S. Fairchild, of New York; assistant secretary-treasury, Isaac H. Maynard, of New York. Mr. Maynard is the present second comptroller of the treasury, having been appointed to that position by President Cleve and on June 1, 1885. He has made an excellent record in that position. At the time of his appointment Judge Maynard was first deputy attorney-general of New York. Two years prior to his appointment to the federal service, he was the democratic candidate for secretary of state of New York, but was defeated, owing, it is said, to his prohibition record. His home is in Delhi, New York.

BOARD FOR LAND CONTESTS.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Commissioner Sparks to-day issued an order creating a contest board, to which all contest cases now pending or hereafter arising in pre-emption and public land desistments shall be referred for examination and decision. After action is taken by this board upon contest case it will go to the board of review. The board is to consist of five members selected from the several divisions of the general land office.

Secretary Whitney has approved the report of the board appointed to select sites for two new dry docks authorized by the last congress. The docks will be located at New York and Norfolk navy yards, and will be built by contract on the general plan of the Simpson dry docks.

WAR DEPARTMENT INFORMATION.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—Secretary Endicott has issued a circular calling for information relative to the condition of business in the war department, business methods of bureaus, and other matters required by Senator Cockrell's committee.

DEBT REDUCTION.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—The revised estimate of the public debt reduction for March makes it about $11,000,000.

CALIFORNIA.

"DR." HODGES FOUND GUILTY.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—The trial of "Dr." James Hodges, the man who exploded a bomb in the grand opera house on the evening of the 9th of February, during one of the Patti concerts, was begun this morning in department 12 of the superior court before Judge Murphy. Hodges testified that he had gone to the opera with the intention of ending his life while Patti was singing. He had taken the can of powder with him for that purpose and had placed screws in with the powder so that they might break into his skull and let out the spirit. He placed the screws in the can and called them his twelve apostles. He said he wanted to die while she was singing, so that he could be her image in the spirit land. He could not account for the presence of the bottle of turpentine, which he said was "bug-poison," except that he had unintentionally placed it in his pocket. "I exploded the powder beneath my coat," he said, "so that nobody else would get hurt." The jury brought in a verdict of guilty on a charge of assault to murder.

MURDER IN CHINATOWN.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—Chinatown in this city was again a scene of murder late last night. Leong Sing, said to be a highbinder, entered a restaurant at 830 Washington street, kept by Leong Chun, and being refused some money demanded by him, he drew a revolver and fired at Chun. The bullet entered the latter's brain and he was carried to the receiving hospital and died there at 1 o'clock this morning. Sing fled immediately after the shooting and was not found until 2 o'clock this morning. He is now in prison, charged with murder.

THREE BOYS BURNED TO DEATH.

FORT BIDWELL, March 31.—The house of J. B. Rolin, at Cedarville, in this county, was burned last night, and with it three boys, children of Rolin, aged respectively 7, 10 and 15 years. Rolin was absent at the time. His wife was severely injured in trying to rescue the boys and is in a precarious condition. Two daughters who were in the house when the fire broke out escaped uninjured.

STATE DISPATCHES.

ALBANY NEWS.

ALBANY, Ore., March 31. The Albany postoffice was formally turned over this evening by retiring postmaster J. M. Irving to his successor, Rufus Thompson, who assumes his duties to-morrow.

James Elkins, of this city, has chartered an O. R. & N. steamer and will ship by boat, leaving Albany to-morrow, 100 head of young cattle to stock ranges in Crook county.

Albany lodge I. O. O. F. elected last night as delegates to the grand lodge which meets at East Portland May 17, W. C. Tweedale, T. J. Stites and G. W. Young.

YAQUINA, March 31.—The steamer Santa Maria sailed at 4 P. M. for San Francisco with a full cargo of wheat and salmon.

The weather is very rough; wind southwest.

ASTORIA, March 31.—This has been one of the most inclement days of the season. Heavy southwester and incessant rain all day. Nothing stirring.

WASHINGTON TERRITORY.

MEETING OF FARMERS.

WALLA WALLA, March 31.—The farmers have held a secret meeting regarding railroad rates. They were represented by delegates from different parts of the country. They propose sending a delegate to interview the interstate commerce commissioners on the same subject. The *Statesman* sounds a note of alarm and bids them to be on their guard, lest some adventurer works in upon them for his own benefit, and points to similar action in the past, where they have been taken in every time by those who ground their own axe at the farmers' expense. The late treachery in the wheat contract business is an example.

The weather is showery, buds bursting and the valley presenting a beautiful appearance.

CONGRATULATORY MESSAGE.

GOLDENDALE, March 31.—Goldendale sends greeting to Portland by wiring the first message over the new Western Union telegraph line just completed.

NOTABLE DEAD.

JUDGE FRANCIS P. CUPPY.

WASHINGTON, March 31.—A telegram received to-day from Hot Springs, Ark., announces the death of Judge Francis P. Cuppy at that place last night.

JOHN GODFREY SAXE.

ALBANY, March 31.—John Godfrey Saxe, the poet, died here to-day. The burial will take place in the Greenwood family lot in Brooklyn.

Ayer's Hair Vigor restores gray hair to its original color, promotes a new growth, prevents dandruff and all scalp diseases, and is the best hair dressing.

Ayer's Pills are the best cathartic medicine for family use, being mild, sure, safe, and reliable. They are sugar-coated, and purely vegetable.

Ayer's Cherry Pectoral is the best remedy for coughs, colds, bronchitis, asthma, and consumption. It relieves at once, and cures the most obstinate cases.

Ayer's Sarsaparilla is a household word all over the world. For over fifty years it has advertised itself by its merits. It is now advertised to warn the public against counterfeits. The genuine article is manufactured by Dr. J. C. Ayer & Sons, Lowell, Mass.

MRS. EMMA MOLLOY.

VANCOUVER, W. T., March 30.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

We regret to have seen in your paper an article and editorial notes thereon reflecting upon the judgment of our pastor, Rev. J. H. Skidmore, in employing Mrs. Emma Molloy to assist in evangelistic work in the M. E. church at this place. We wish to say that we authorized our pastor to employ Mrs. Molloy as he did; that her labor of love among us has been greatly blessed of God; that we are undivided in our faith in her Christian character and greatly rejoice in the blessed work done in our church.

S. D. Maxon.	R. W. Davis,
H. H. Gridley,	S. R. Whipple,
Samuel Starsh,	N. F. Bolton,
George O. Hitchcock,	John Jaggy,
W. F. Tracy,	C. C. Gridley,
Mrs. C. C. Gridley,	Dr. M. Ella Walpole.

Official members M. E. church, Vancouver, W. T.

VANCOUVER, W. T., March 29.

To whom it may concern: At a meeting of the session (ministers and ruling elders) of the Presbyterian church of Vancouver held on February 13, 1887, in the vestry of said church, the following minute was unanimously passed in regard to revivalistic services that had been conducted during the preceding six weeks, the "chief speaker" at which meetings had been Mrs. Emma Molloy:

Inter alia: "Session also resolved to place on record our sense of gratitude for the gracious revival which has blessed our city in connection with the union meetings of this church and the M. E. church."—Extract from minutes of session, page 20. JOHN T. STEWART, Clerk.

SPRINGFIELD, Mo., Feb. 27.

Rev. J. R. Thompson—*Dear Sir:*—Learning of the deep interest taken by you in Mrs. Emma Molloy, and that you desire a statement from me of the circumstances connected with the murder of Sarah Graham, by her husband, and of Mrs. Molloy's relation to it, I deem it my duty to write to you.

Mrs. Molloy was more than two hundred miles from here, holding public religious meetings when that horrid murder was committed. She left here twenty days before, and did not return till nearly three months afterward. No one doubts now that she did not have, and could not have had anything to do with it. The charge against her, and for which she was indicted, is for causing Graham, knowing he had committed the murder. This charge is absolutely groundless. It is not a question of weight of evidence. There is absolutely no evidence at all or any knowledge on her part of the commission of the crime until after the body of the murdered woman was found the latter part of February, while the murderer was confined in prison, charged with that crime. At this time Mrs. Molloy was, and had been, for nearly two months, absent in Illinois, holding revival meetings. You naturally inquire how it could be possible that a grand jury could find an indictment against her without evidence. My answer is, that before her return from Illinois the Satan interest, which is very potent here, charged her with having planned the murder and managed the perpetration. They circulated numerous falsehoods connecting her name with it, and as soon as one could be exploded another was invented. In this way an intense mob feeling was created, which was fed on by state's attorney, who became their willing tool. The magistrates who held the pretended preliminary examination were a part of the mob. The unlawful conduct of the state's attorney was frequently applauded by the assembled mob, one of the magistrates at one time clapping his hands to start the mob. You ask how can it be that the respectable citizens of Missouri could be guilty of or suffer such conduct. I answer that it was not the respectable citizens who did it. In fact there were but few of that class present in the court room during the examination. The liquor interests and the roughs they controlled constituted the mob mainly.

It will be impossible for me to give you to fully understand what a Missouri mob in the interest of the liquor traffic is like. In one of the cities of Puritan Iowa, where the laws prohibit the traffic altogether, and where it is outlawed, it has and sufficient power to commit deliberate murder by an organized conspiracy; to conduct a mock inquest by public officers of its arrest and to defy every effort so far to bring the murderers to justice. If such things can be done in that state by the monstrous traffic, ought you to be surprised at its power in Illinois, where it is fostered through the instrumentality of a "Missouri mob," especially when the object of its vengeance is one who is guilty of the heinous crime of being a "woman, a temperance lecturer and a prosecutor?"

In fact, these are the real offenses for which she has been persecuted here. I have no doubt whatever of her innocence, and the religious and moral people of this city come in this opinion.

The assaults upon Mrs. Molloy's reputation for chastity are equally groundless. They were a part of the scheme of the liquor interest to ruin her on account of her power as a worker in the cause of Christ and of temperance. They were based on statements extorted from George Graham while he was threatened with being lynched by the mob. To prolong his life a few days the cowardly wretch was induced to promise a confession implicating the ladies. In a few days he gave the public a paper charging that he had frequently committed adultery with both of them, but denied in it that they had anything to do with the murder of which he knew of it. This did not satisfy the mob, and after further efforts to extort from him a statement implicating the women in the murder, without effect, the mob hung him. The circumstances referred to in his statement have been proven false and unfounded, and the better classes of citizens of this city are as fully convinced of this opinion as I am. Mrs. Molloy is capable of doing a great work for Christ, and all true Christians should stand by her and shield her from the malignant assaults of the arch power. Your brother in Christ, JAMES BARKER.

THE COURTS.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT NO. 1.

Joseph Moore vs. W. W. Proudstet; judgment on the findings in favor of plaintiff for $65 and costs and disbursements.

David Wark vs. H. H. Tinker; judgment on the verdict in favor plaintiff for $60 and costs.

Thomas H. Elliott vs. L. P. W. Quimby; verdict for plaintiff for $1.

John Angell vs. U. Jackson; verdict for plaintiff for $50.

Oregon and Washington Mortgage Savings bank vs. Multnomah county; argued and submitted on demurrer.

STATE CIRCUIT COURT NO. 2.

In the matter of the assignment of J. E. McLaughlin, insolvent debtor; case goes discharged.

W. H. Foster excused till Monday, April 4, as juror.

State vs. Frank Lynch; trial continued indefinitely.

COUNTY COURT.

In the matter of the estate of Margaret M. Garrigan, deceased; citation to John DeBoest and J. A. Y. Lewis to show cause why real estate should not be sold to pay expenses and charges of administration.

POLICE COURT.

Yesterday in the police court Wm. O'Brien paid a fine of $20 for permitting minors in his saloon. Owen Riley was fined $10 for roaming the streets, and Wm. Chun, alias Ah Chun, Frank, of attempt to commit an outrage on assault on Nellie Keating, was continued until to-day.

REPLY TO "GOSPEL TEMPERANCE."

COBALLIS, March 30.

TO THE EDITOR OF THE OREGONIAN:

I think "Gospel Temperance" would find it quite as much of a puzzle to prove from our English version even that *fermented* wine was used in bible times as the Lord's supper. At the institution, "the cup," "the fruit of the vine (Mat. xxvi: 27-29; Mark xiii: 23-25; Luke xxii: 17-18), the "cup," (1 Cor. xi: 25), the "cup of the Lord." (1 Cor. x: 21) is mentioned. Then the Corinthians became "drunken" (1 Cor. xi: 2) while at the Lord's supper is an undue inference. In the first place many scholars, from the time of Clement of Alexandria, consider the Greek word *methuo* means to be plentifully fed, or fed, as well as the other meanings. Besides, their *agape*, or love feast, generally preceding the sacred ordinance, they came to the latter in the state we on the apostle denounces.

L. A. N.

RAILROAD NOTES.

EXCESS BAGGAGE RATES.

CHICAGO, March 31.—At a meeting of the Western States Passenger association to-day it was decided to make a uniform charge on excess baggage with that adopted by the Eastern lines, namely, 12 per cent. All agreed to continue the second-class rates between Chicago and St. Paul, Minneapolis and Lake Superior points, and sell excursion tickets to the Pacific coast, adding thereto the usual excursion rates from Chicago, St. Louis, etc.

A special meeting of the Chicago Railroad association was held to-day to arrange for putting into Western rate sheets the differential passenger rates allowed the Chicago and Grand Trunk line. Heretofore only travelers buying tickets at Chicago could take advantage of the $1 50 less on a ticket over that road as outside agents are not allowed to quote the difference, but hereafter it will be available from all points West.

NEWFOUNDLAND.

DEFICIT IN THE REVENUE.

BOSTON, March 31.—A special from St. John's, Newfoundland, says: The budget to be presented to-day will, it is rumored, show a deficit of three-quarters of a million of dollars, the largest portion of which has been spent in relief works to keep people from starving this winter.

THE STEWART SALE.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The Stewart sale was concluded to-night with the disposal of the remainder of the library. The grand aggregate is about $66,000.

A WRITER INFORMS THE PUBLIC!

That the secret of good health is to keep the skin in good working condition.

That to keep the skin in good working condition the pores must be kept open.

That a porous plaster is a plaster that opens the pores of the skin.

That the only plaster for opening the pores of the skin is Allcock's Porous Plaster.

That Allcock's Porous Plaster assists the body to throw off its burdensome ailments through the skin—the natural process of relief.

That every other so-called porous plaster is an inferior article which cannot be compared with Allcock's.

That Allcock's have stood the test for twenty-five years and have proved the best external remedy extant.

For Coughs and Colds

Try our "*Pictoral Balsam*" (copyrighted), the old and reliable cough medicine prepared by J. G. Skidmore & Co., druggists, 151 First street.

COMMERCIAL.

THURSDAY, March 31.

Overland receipts include 1 car corn meal, 1 car sacked corn, 1 car electric light machinery, 1 car furniture, 2 cars iron pipe, 1 car iron plates, 3 cars agricultural implements, 1 car harrows.

PRODUCE RECEIPTS—Past twenty-four hours include 3021 ctls wheat, 300 bbls flour, 197 ctls oats, 130 sks potatoes, 850 lbs hides, 1 pkg butter, 56 ds eggs, 27 bxs apples, also 18 head cattle, 140 head sheep, 30 pkgs dried fruit, and 5 dressed hogs. Also from the Eastern section, 3000 ctls wheat, 200 bbls flour, 4 cars beet hides, and 1 car sheep pelts.

IMPORTS—Per str Columbia 3078 include 1079 pkgs rakes, 42 bales grain and 30 bales wool bags, 10 pkgs twine, 5 pkgs books, 20 pkgs stationery, 256 bdls paper, 21 pkgs printers' material, 48 cs boots, 41 cs shoes, 188 pkgs boots and shoes, 179 bbls plaster, 66 rolls carpet, 31 rolls matting, 31 pkgs cigars, 7 pkgs glassware, 7 pkgs drugs, 147 pkgs medicines, 20 carboys acid, 212 pkgs dry goods, 12 pkgs domestics, 17 pkgs clothing, 31 pkgs hats and caps, 16 pkgs furniture, 378 pkgs lard, 41 bxs candy, 9 bags nuts, 4 pkgs sewing-machine, 10 bags horseshoes, 233 rods barbed wire, 468 coils rope, 116 pkgs hardware, 43 pkgs saddlery, 31 pkgs paints, 2 bbls 193 cs oil, 100 cs turpentine 42 bxs glass, 483 bbls 198 bf bbls 1210 mats and 150 bxs sugar, 2500 sks salt, 330 sks 125 mats rice, 82 pkgs raisins, 160 kgs 12 cs 12 pkgs starch, 93 pkgs coffee, 146 pkgs tea, 10 kgs molasses, 1250 bxs soap, 147 pkgs spices, 61 pkgs powder, 601 pkgs pickles, 538 sks beans, 120 pkgs butter, 42 pkgs cheese, 816 bxs canned goods, 42 bags shot, 31 bxs spikes, 14 bxs tacks, 6 pkgs wagon material, 11 pcs hardwood, 9 bbls 45 pkgs whisky, 41 bbls 20 pkgs 255 cs wine, 2 kgs ale, 293 bags 28 sheets 5 pkgs iron, 43 pkgs tin, 350 bdls lead, 650 sks coal, 10 castings, 112 pkgs pottery, 23 trunks, 12 machinery, 249 pkgs china goods, 147 sks meal, 532 sks mdse, 1 sulky, 2 buggies, 16 rolls leather, 1 millinery goods.

WHEAT—Foreign markets are in better tone without any advance being established. New York and Chicago are higher, and closed firm. A number of option quotations are merely bids, showing dull markets. San Francisco continues firm and quiet on spot and rather easier, with less activity in futures. The local market is unaltered. The bulk of exports are coming in now for through San Francisco shipment. Quotations nominal.

FREIGHTS—No new engagements to report. The Br bk Martha Fisher are vessels to day, understood to be disengaged. The Br bk Loch Ranza finished and went down river to-day.

MARKETS BY TELEGRAPH.

NEW YORK STOCK MARKET.

NEW YORK, March 31.—The upward movement in the stock market was resumed to-day and a steady appreciation of values met with no setback of importance throughout the entire day. In the afternoon there was less animation in the market, and the high prices in the morning were not fully maintained. Toward the last hour there was a renewal of confidence, and the close was moderately active and strong at best prices of the day.

Government bonds were dull but firm. State bonds were dull and steady.

MONEY, BONDS AND STOCKS.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Money on call, higher, ranging from 6 to 8, last loan 7½, closed offered 7; prime paper, unchanged; exchange unchanged.

BONDS.

3s	100¾	4½s (coupon)	120¾
4s (coupon)	120¾	Pacific 6s	120¾

STOCKS.

American Express	119	N. Y. Central	112¾
Canada Pacific	62¾	Oregon Nav gation	102¾
Canada Southern	62½	Transcontinental	33¾
Central Pacific	39¾	Improvement t	41
Rio Grande	30½	Pacific Mail	53¾
Erie	34	Texas Pacific	20¾
Kansas & Texas	32¾	Union Pacific	61¾
Northern Pacific	28¾	U. S. Express	63
N. P. Preferred	60	Wells, Fargo Exp	127
Northwestern	112¾	Western Un on	77¾

MONEY MARKET.

LONDON, March 31.—Consols, 101⅝. Bank of England rate of interest, 3 per cent. Silver bullion per ounce, 44 5-16.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Silver bullion, per ounce, 96. Sterling exchange, long, $4 85½; short, $4 88. U. S. bonds: 3s, 100⅜; 4s, 129¾; 4½s, 109¾.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—Transfers, 5@7½. Sterling exchange, 60 days, $4 84½; documentary, $4 83½@4 83¾.

MINING STOCKS.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Mining shares were fairly active and strong at the following closing prices bid: Alice $1 40, Amador $1 90, Best and Belcher $5, Caledonia $1 25, Comstock $5 50, Caledonia (B. H.) $1 25, El Cristo $6 50, Hale & Norcross $3 80, Homestake $14 50, Iron Hills $10, Mountain $1 50, Middlebar $1, Mono $1 85, Mexican $3 80, Navajo $1, North Belle Isle $6 60, Plymouth $17 50, Red Elephant $1 05, Sutro Tunnel 70c, Standard $1 20, Stanislaus $1 50.

SAN FRANCISCO MINING STOCKS REPORT.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—The movement continues downward. Large quantities of marginal stocks were thrown on the market this past few days, which assisted the bears materially in their raid. On afternoon call prices were somewhat better than between boards, but the market closed shaky:

Con. Cal. & Va	13 25	Ophir	5 87
Best & Belcher	5 60	Potosi	6 25
Sierra Nevada	2 75	Choller	9 37
Hale & Norcross	3 20	Savage	1 75
Gould & Curry	2 25	Union	2 50
Yellow Jacket	3 70	Bodie	2 10
Nevada Queen	2 30	Alta	2 00
N. B. Isle	7 12	Bulion	1 90
Mexican	3 80	Justice	1 25
Overman	1 35	Weldon	1 55
Cracker	85	Andes	1 05
Benton	50		

SAN FRANCISCO MARKETS.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—Recs nts—Wheat, 31,500 ctls; flour, 8680 qr sks; barley, 810 ctls; 6325, 320 ctls; potatoes, 245 sks.

Freights—Tonnage neglected; no business doing. The outlook for grain freights is very discouraging. The ship Continental will leave in ballast for Hong Kong.

Wheat—The spot market is quiet but firm; general conditions of the market are unchanged. There is no increase in offerings, holders showing little disposition to realize at present prices. From $1 85 to $1 70 is the nominal quotation on No. 1 shipping. A sale of 1000 sacks No. 1 is reported at $1 85½.

Options—Trading was not so active to day, and there was less excitement. Prices were well sustained at a slight decline from yesterday's closing figures. Buyer and seller year options are attracting the most attention. Sales were, in morning session: Buyer season—600 tons at $1 77½. Buyer year—100 tons, at $1 90; 100 tons at $1 90¾; 600 tons at $2 00; 100 tons at $1 89¾; 100 tons at $1 89¼. Seller year—100 tons at $1 79¾; 100 tons at $1 79¼; 200 tons at $1 67½; 500 tons at $1 66¼; 100 tons at $1 66¾; 100 tons at $1 66¼. Afternoon session: Buyer season—400 tons at $1 76¾; 100 tons at $1 76¼; 300 tons at $1 75¾. Buyer year—900 tons at $1 86¾; 700 tons at $1 86¼; 400 tons at $1 86¾; 1000 tons at $1 86¼. Seller year—500 tons at $1 66¾; 200 tons at $1 66; 100 tons at $1 66¾; 200 tons at $1 66¼, 100 tons at $1 66¾; 900 tons at $1 66; 400 tons at $1 66⅜; 100 tons at $1 66¼; 100 tons at $1 66¾.

Barley—Firm, with light receipts and a good demand for feed: No. 1 feed, $1 05@1 07½; No. 2, 97½@1 02½; brewing, No. 1, $1 12½@1 17½; No. 2, $1 07½@1 12½.

Oats—There is a strong undertone to the market, and the general feeling is that prices will go higher. The demand is only moderate, but holders firm. Oregon, 1 45@1 70.

Potatoes—Very firm, and demand fair. Dealers are looking for light shipments from Oregon, in which case the market will do better. Choice and extra choice Burbanks, $1 85@2 00.

Flour—Firm.

Bags—Dull, at 5⅝@6c for Calcuttas.

Millstuffs—Steady; fair demand.

Butter and eggs—Unchanged.

CHICAGO MARKETS.

CHICAGO, March 31.—Wheat in better tone and higher. Opened the April, 82¾c May, 84c June 86¾c July. At noon, 77⅝c April, 83¾c May, 89¾c June, 89¾c July. Closed, 78½c April, 83¾c May, 91⅜c June, 89¾c July.

Provisions—Firm; pork, $21 May; lard, $7 12½ May; ribs, $6 37½ May; short ribs, $6 35 cash.

CHICAGO, March 31.—Cattle—Receipts, 5000 steadier and stronger; fancy, $5 30@5 65; shipping steers, 900 to 1500 pounds, $4@5 15; stockers and feeders, $2@4 10; Texas grassers, $2@3.

Hogs—Receipts, 10,000; slow and steady; rough and mixed, $5 20@5 70; packing and shipping $5 60@5 70; light, $5 30@5 55.

Sheep—Receipts, 5000; strong; natives, $3@4 80; western, $3 50; Texans, $3@4 20; lambs, $4@5 75.

NEW YORK MARKETS.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Wheat—The market is quiet but firm. Opened 92¾c May, 91⅝c June, 91½c July. At noon, 92 asked April 92¾c May, 92⅛c June, 91½c July. Closed 91⅜ April, 92¾c May, 92¼c June, 91¾c July.

NEW YORK, March 31.—Lead—Quiet.

Copper—Steady.

Hops—Quiet and steady.

Coffee—Sales, 35,000 bags. Spot, fair Rio quiet at 15¼. Options, stronger and active; April 13 60@13 85. May, June and July 13 35@13 50.

Sugar—Dull and easier; refined, quiet at 4⅞@5c extra C, 3¾@4 13-16c; granulated, 5¼.

Foreign Markets.

WOOL SALES AT LONDON.

LONDON, March 31.—At the wool sales to-day the prices were firm with an upward tendency for crossbreeds, owing to the brisk competition between home and foreign buyers. There were 936 bales offered. The following are the details of to-day's transactions:

Victoria, sales 3100 bales; scoured, 5d@2s 4½d; do, locks and pieces, 8d@1s 6½d; greasy, 6¼d@1s 3d; do locks and pieces, 5d@1s 1½d; superior lambs, 1s 10d@2s 6d.

New South Wales, sales 15,000 bales; scoured, 1s 10d@1s 5½d; do locks and pieces, 1s 3d; greasy, 6½d@1s 3d; do locks and pieces, 8½d.

South Australia, sales 3600 bales; scoured 1s 4½d; do locks and pieces, 1s 1½d; greasy, 6¾d@1s 3d; do locks and pieces, 1s 0d.

Queensland, sales, 200 bales; scoured, 1s 5¾d@1s 6d; do locks and pieces, 1s 1d@1s 3d; greasy, 6¼d@1s 2d; do locks and pieces, 5¾d@1s 0d.

New Zealand sales, 4000 bales; scoured, 10d@1s 7½d; do locks and pieces, 9½d@1s 3d; greasy, 7½d@1s 3½d; do locks and pieces, 6¾d@1s 1½d.

Tasmania sales, 65 bales; scoured, 1s 4d; greasy, 7½@8d.

Cape of Good Hope and Natal, sales 900 bales; scoured, 1s 0d@1s 3½d; greasy, 3d@5½d.

BERRBOHM.

LONDON, March 31.—Floating cargoes firmer. Arrivals of wheat cargoes off coast since last report, none. Number waiting off coast, 3. Cargoes on passage and for shipment firmer. English country markets, firm.

LIVERPOOL, March 31.—Spot wheat, rather firmer, but in light demand. Futures shade better. No. 1 California, March, 7s 10d; April, 7s 11½d; May, 8s; June, 8s 0d; July, 8s 2d.

PARIS, March 31.—Wheat and flour on spot, quiet. French country markets, firm.

SHIPPING INTELLIGENCE.

DOMESTIC PORTS.

SEATTLE, March 31.—Sailed—Ship St. Stephens, San Francisco.

OLYMPIA, March 31.—Arrived—Sch Alcalde.

SAN FRANCISCO, March 31.—Arrived—Str San Diga, Panama.

Sailed—Bk Hesper, for Townsend.

5 P. M.—Weather hazy; wind west.

ASTORIA, March 31.—Str Idaho arrived in at 8 A. M., left up 9 A. M.; Br bk Martha Fisher, from Liverp